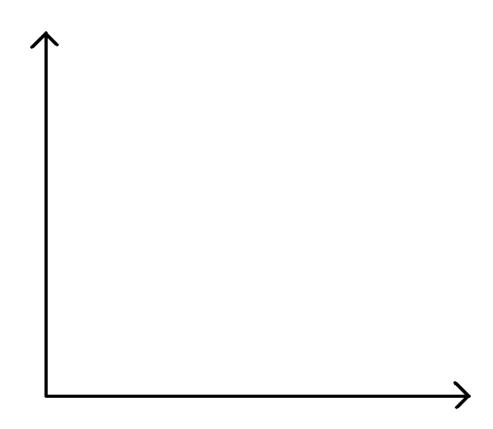
Objective: How does swo	eat affe	ot our b	Swea		C110u		Date	
	eat affe	ot our b		t Lab				
Hypothesis: If (we sweat		ct our b	ody tem	perature	e?			
	t), then	our bod	ly tempe	rature w	/ill			
Materials - 2 thermometers - 2 feet of paper tow	wels							
- Water								
 Procedure 1. Obtain the materials list 2. Record the starting tern something to compare 3. Take one of the thermod 4. Take the other thermod 5. Record the temperature someone be the timer in 6. When you have complet questions below. 	nperature to. ometers meter are es of bo n your	res of bo and wr and wrap oth therr group. I	ap the enterpolate the bottometer Use the total	nometer and in a p com in a s at 1 m able bel	rs in the piece of ginute into ow to re	dry pape wet pagervals for ecord yo	er towel per towe or 15 mi ur data.	el. inutes. Have
	0 min	1 min	2 min	3 min	4 min	5 min	6 min	7 min
Temp of DRY Thermometer								
Temp of WET Thermometer								
	8 min	9 min	10 min	11 min	12 min	13 min	14 min	15 min
Temp of DRY								
Thermometer								

Graphing

Use the data you gathered to make a scatter plot. Then connect the dots. Label the x-axis "Time" and label the y-axis "Temperature in degrees Celsius". Graph both the dry and wet thermometers' data on the same graph.



Questions:

- 1. Was there any difference between the temperatures of the two thermometers? If so, when was the difference the greatest?
- 2. What could you do that might make the temperature of the wet thermometer drop even more?
- 3. On a hot summer day why would you roll down the window of a car to cool down?
- 4. When people say it is humid outside, it means that the air is already holding a lot of water vapor in it. Why does it seem even hotter on these kinds of days?